



Direct Electrical Heating of Flowlines

Moving boundaries



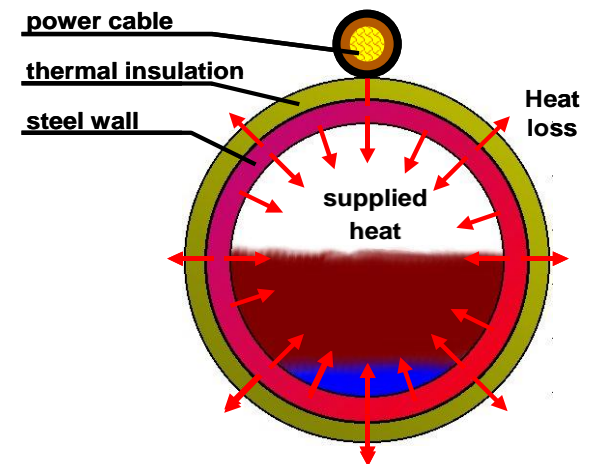
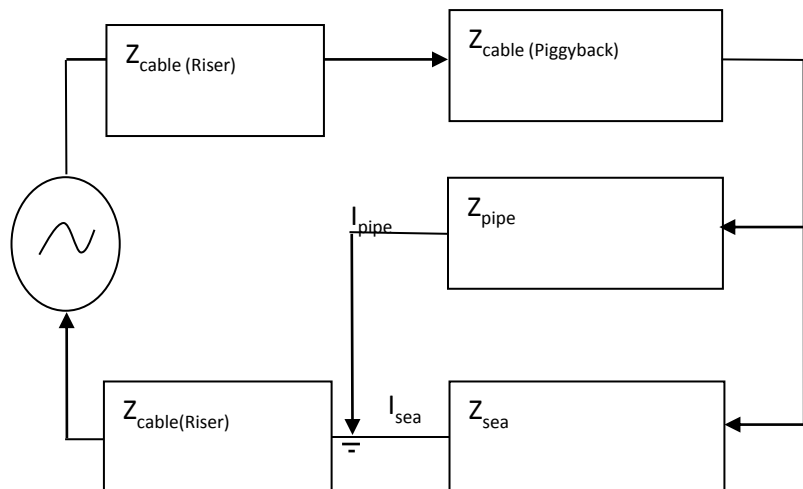
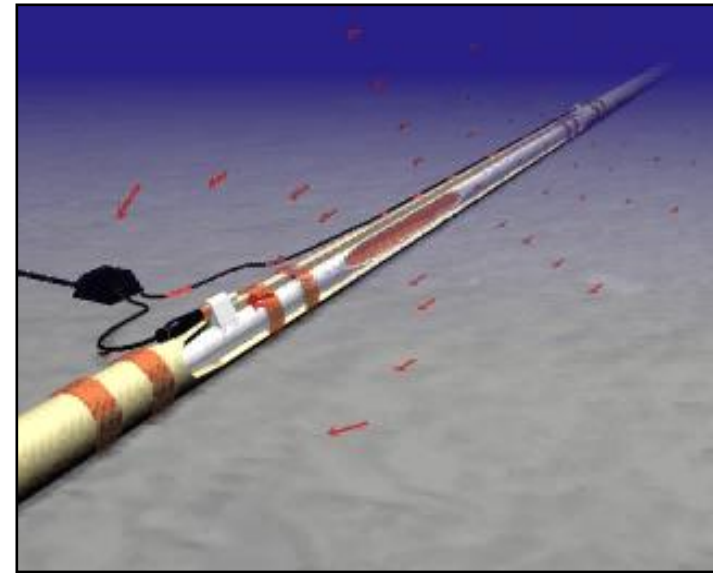
OUTLINE

1. History of DEH
2. Design of a DEH system
3. Components and Cables in a DEH system
 - DEH specific design criteria
4. Systems with complex subsea architecture as for Shah Deniz
5. Deep water projects – Lianzi

What is DEH?

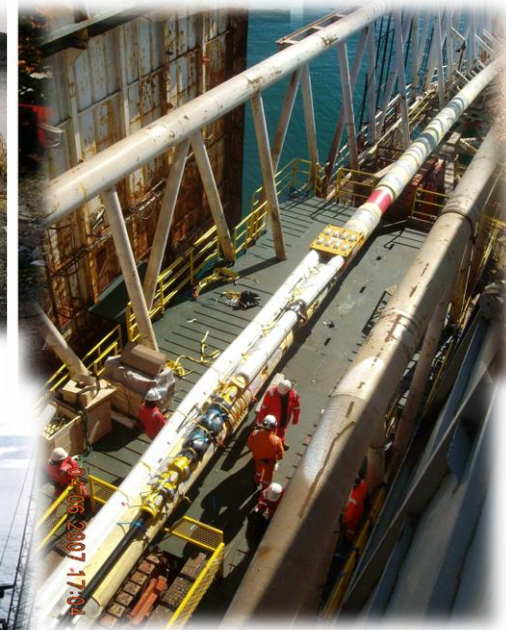
Principle of Direct Electrical Heating

- High Efficient Electrical Heating System
 - Due to topside compensation of reactive load
- Utilizes conventional wet insulation
 - Efficiency of DEH pending on U-value
- Field Proven
- Intermediate use, heat-up or continuous use of DEH
 - Based on aging tests carried out



Project experience – implementation of DEH

- Total: Nexans delivered all subsea cables and equipment to more than 25 flowlines with DEH.
- DEH projects often associated with pushing boundaries.
- Current technology, up to 100-150 km
- Flowline dimensions: 8 – 18 inch (30 inch for retrofit)
- U-value: 2.5 - 8 W/m²K
- Steel material: Cr13%, Carbon, Carbon w/ clad,
- Delivered DEH to 1050 meter water depth



Cable Design

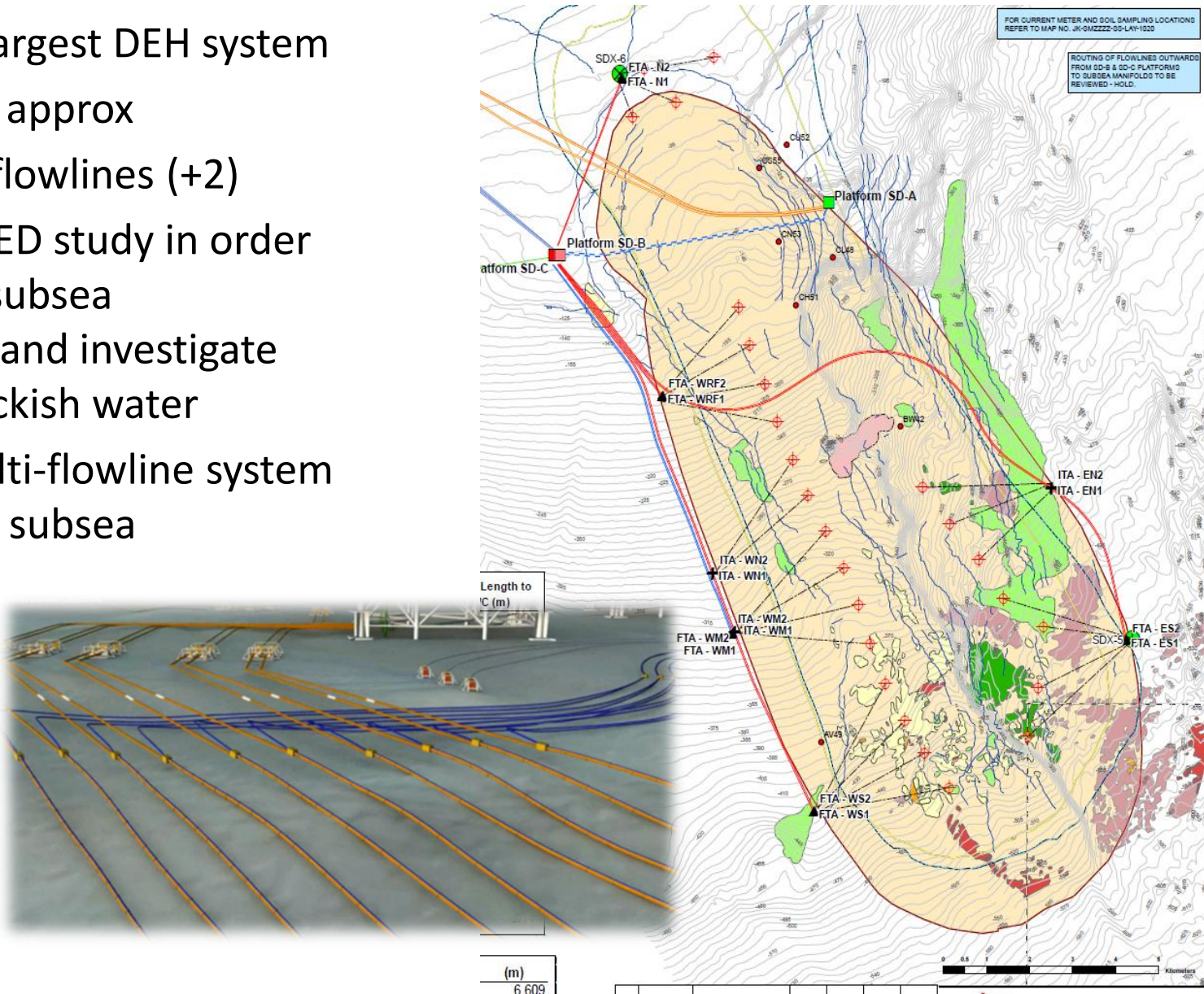
Ageing Properties at High Temperatures

- Ageing of HV XLPE (and any type of insulation system) depends on:
 - Temperature
 - Electrical stress. I.e voltage rating as 6, 12, 24, 52 kV is not relevant. Electrical gradient is important.
 - Ageing media
- Substantial test data following DEH qualification – material and process.
- Note that testing includes verification of exact material as well as production process. Every supplier need to document the product!
- Life time testing need to be carried out for any type of cable – independent if it is for DEH or not.



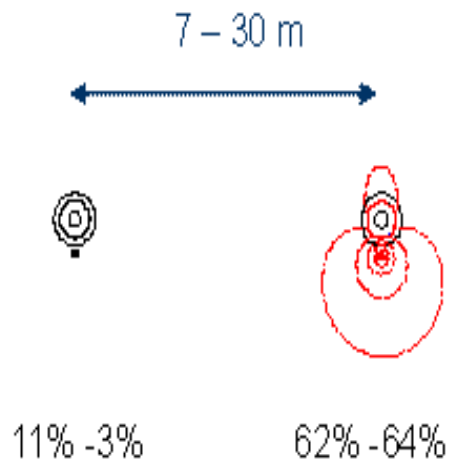
SHAH DENIZ

- The worlds largest DEH system
 - 120 Km - approx
 - 10 - 14" flowlines (+2)
- Extensive FEED study in order to optimise subsea architecture and investigate effect of brackish water
- Complex multi-flowline system in congested subsea architecture

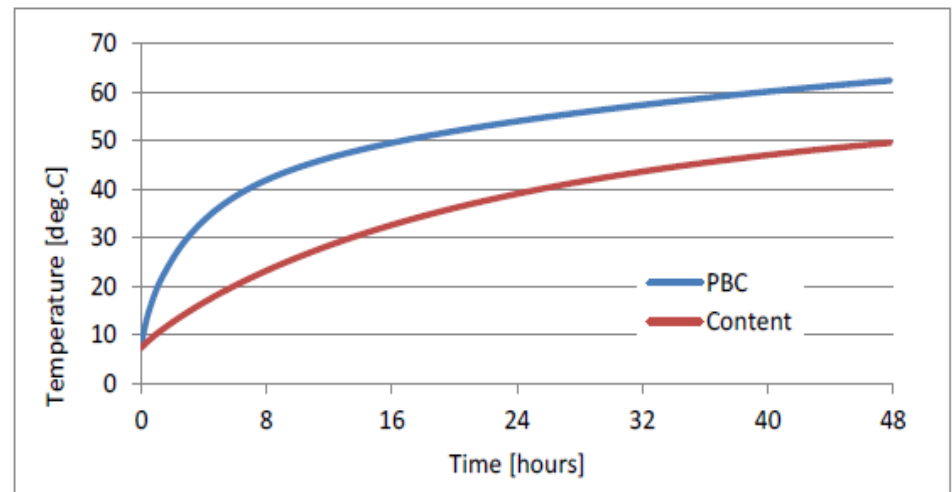


Complex multi flowline systems

- Power rating in complex DEH systems
 - All projects before SD2 rely on approx 30 m separation to flowlines
 - All heated flowlines interact and add up according to superposition principle. Need to check max temperature in cable accordingly
- Close interaction for design of power req. and anodes



Sea
29% - 34%



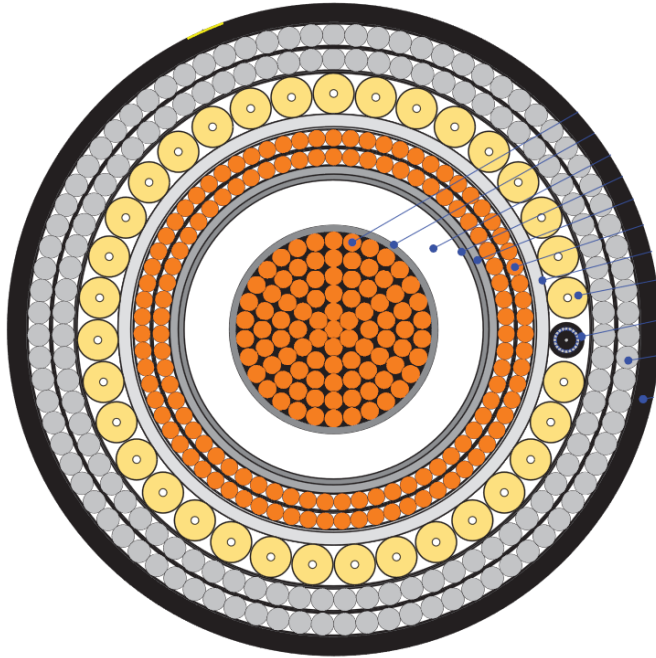
Example on power rating

- Maintaining temperature during shut-in.
 - Numbers are pr flowline

14" OD, 2.5 W/m²K, heat from ambient to 26 °C Including interaction to other flowlines			
	2 parallel flowlines	8 parallel flowlines	8 parallel flowlines
Length	4 km	8.3 km	18 km
I [A]	1110 (up from 1080)	1174 (up from 1080)	1174 (up from 1080)
U ₀ [kV]	1.6	3.25	7.1
P [MW]	0.47	1.1	2.3

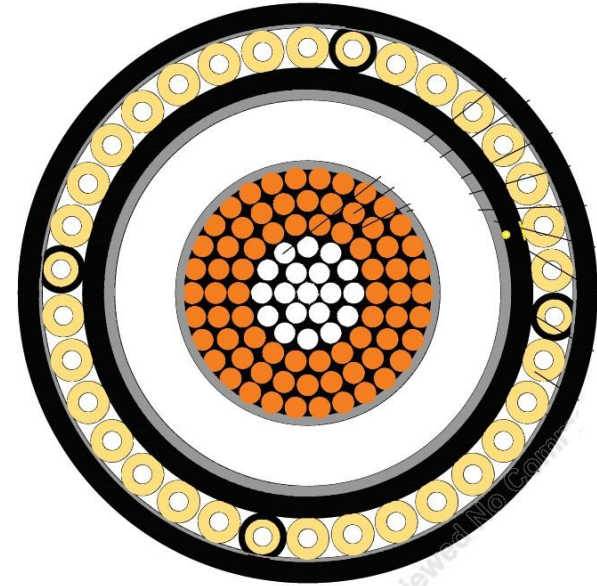
Lianzi – Deepwater DEH

DEH Riser Cable & AFC



- 1600 mm²/ 1800 mm²
- 52 kV
- 1 off armoured F.O. element

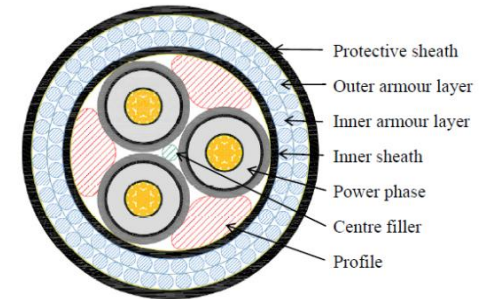
Piggyback Cable 1050 m water depth



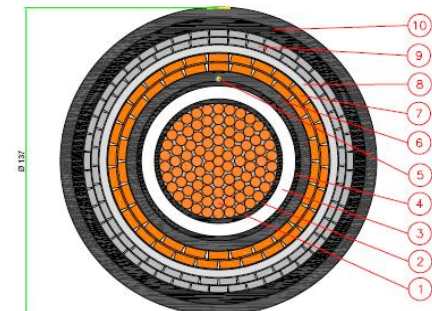
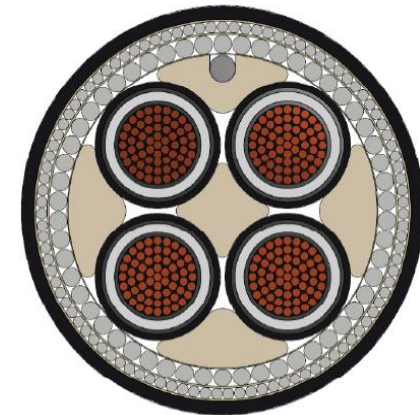
- 1400 mm²
- 52 kV
- 1 off FIMT
- Delivery length: 43027meter

New development - DEH

- Deep water qualification
 - Cable design and UFLEX2D verified to be applicable for 3000 m water depth – 30 years service
 - Qualification based on DNV-RP-A203
 - Field study carried out for DEH project
 - Dynamic analysis verified design for 2200 meter
 - Prototype undergoing manufacturing based on modified SD2 delivery – target : 4000 meter



TFVE 12 kV 4x630 mm2KQ w/FO cable





1987-1998 Participated in development and qualification of the DEH technology

- 2000 Åsgard**
- 2002 Huldra**
- 2004 Kristin**
- 2005 Norne**
- 2006 Ormen Lange**
- 2007 Tyrihans**
- 2008 Alve**
- 2009 Morvin**
- 2010 Skarv**
- 2012 Skuld**
- 2014 Shah Deniz batch 1**
- 2014 Lianzi**



• In total Nexans has delivered more than 200 km with DEH cables to heat 18 pipelines

Nexans –
total DEH knowledge,
engineering, production and
testing in house.

Thank you for your attention!

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